Chally Assessment **

Profile Interpretation Manual

Sales Team Lead Benchmark

Signature Profile



Benchmark Profile Description

The Sales Team Lead role consists of both supervisory and sales responsibilities. They supervise a team of sellers, while carrying their own book of business. In some organizations, team leaders are considered "super-salespeople." They typically do not have responsibility for hiring and performance management but serve as the first point of contact for seller questions and day-to-day support.

Predictive Competencies

- Continuously Develops Sales Leads
- Uses Standard Discovery Questions to Qualify Prospects
- Makes Persuasive Presentations
- Commits Extra Effort to Ensure Success
- Advocates for Customers to Drive Results
- Adapts Sales Approach to Match Buyer Motivations
- Proactively Mentors and Supports Others
- Coaches Others and Provides Timely Feedback

Predictive Competencies

Continuously Develops Sales Leads

Demonstrates the initiative to uncover sales opportunities; actively attracts the interest of potential customers; networks to increase contacts; stays on top of market conditions to uncover new leads; consistently follows up with leads to assess their interest in the product/service offering

	LOW SCORES		HIGH SCORES
1	Limits networking opportunities by being drawn into social or casual interactions, or by spending time with enjoyable or already familiar people	•	Methodically and regularly networks to develop a prospect list, regardless of the number of leads in the sales funnel
1	Waits for prospects to raise their hands, believing that marketing efforts or the product itself will attract interest	•	Develops a frequent and familiar personal profile in organizations or activities that attract the interest of prospective customers
1	May limit networking efforts to those times when the sales pipeline is empty	•	Recognizes opportunities to uncover hidden or less obvious prospects by monitoring the competition and
1	May be inconsistent in creating and following a process that systematically and continually casts a net with the expectation of eventual success	emotional, believing that the payoff come steadily working the numbersHard-driving and persistent, and tends to	Remains pragmatic and objective, versus intuitive and emotional, believing that the payoff comes from
1	Becomes frustrated or discouraged if a successful 'hit' is not achieved in a fairly short period of time		Hard-driving and persistent, and tends to downplay
1	May be satisfied with 'cherry picking' and find it tedious to churn through a stream of new contacts to identify the warm or lukewarm leads		social involvement that may interfere with or drain time from prospecting efforts
		•	Organizes contact information in order to systematically follow up on leads

- A lack of consistency in the process, not necessarily a result of inability or incompetence
- Interacting with others in a more reactive or superficial manner, e.g., going to a networking event and chatting with only one or two people or known quantities
- A preference for taking a laid back approach and relying on the advertising or marketing efforts of the organization to prompt prospects to raise their hand

Uses Standard Discovery Questions to Qualify Prospects

Uses a formula or series of questions to determine the prospect's fit with the product; expects to sell to the majority of prospects since they are known to need the seller's products; reacts quickly and objectively to the answers to standard questioning by disqualifying the prospect or proceeding through the selling process

LOW SCORES	HIGH SCORES
 Uses interest in a prospect's needs or problems or compatibility with contacts as the criteria for spending time with them in the selling process 	 Asks tough questions around profitability, capacity, and readiness to buy when evaluating a prospect for potential business opportunities
 Finds it difficult to narrow focus to the quality as opposed to the quantity of the business available 	 Uses a formula approach to qualifying prospects that addresses typical interest points, such as price and
 Exhibits too much optimism and not enough pragmatism to cut loose potential business that would not be profitably serviced 	 ability to deliver Does not allow time to be consumed by prospects who should be disengaged or deferred based on the
 Finds it difficult to be objective in assessing the potential of demanding or challenging contacts 	 quality of business they will provide Remains emotionally detached from the prospect's situation, staying objective in assessing the potential for profitable business

- Using interest in prospects' problems or compatibility with contacts as the criteria for spending time with them in the selling process
- Trying to be all things to all people or sell something to each lead
- Having difficulty recognizing the potential of contacts that are demanding or challenging to deal with

Makes Persuasive Presentations

Excites the customer with an enthusiastic presentation style; demonstrates value and actively promotes products and services by making an emotional appeal; holds the customer's attention and interest by keeping the presentation content relevant; varies style to build toward a buying decision

LOW SCORES	HIGH SCORES
 May be more comfortable with establishing a dialogue that emphasizes listening and an exchange of ideas than with making an impact on the audience Uses presentations to entertain rather than inform or persuade Sticks too closely to a script and does not vary the content or emphasis to address the needs of each audience Too focused on the mechanics of the presentation itself to pay attention to audience understanding and concurrence Cannot easily adjust to a nonsupportive audience response and may rush an ineffective presentation just to finish it rather than alter the presentation to change that response 	 Makes formal presentations that focus on creating an impact while communicating information Has the potential to capture and hold the audience's attention Takes charge and keeps control of the information being communicated through a presentation that is polished and rehearsed Varies style and content to appeal to the audience Projects enthusiasm about a solution to the audience, moving them closer to a buying decision Monitors audience response and adjusts presentation to stay on target

- Relying on a script or set presentation too much and not varying the content and/or emphasis to match the needs
 of the audience
- Gives equal emphasis to each benefit even if those listening are only interested in one or two
- · Focusing more on speaking and technique than determining if audience understands and is motivated to agree
- May be technically good at "public speaking" to inform or entertain
- May be effective only in situations where the focus is on the product/service rather than the salesperson as the major benefit

Commits Extra Effort to Ensure Success

Thrives on working; tends to achieve higher results in direct proportion to the time they are willing to commit to their work; remains focused on the goal and not easily discouraged or distracted; uses work as an opportunity for interaction and incorporates interpersonal contacts into task accomplishment; sees work as a major source of personal satisfaction

	LOW SCORES		HIGH SCORES
•	May embrace a somewhat rigid separation of professional and personal commitments that limits flexibility in balancing the time and resources devoted to work and leisure	•	Seeks to balance work and life priorities while committing time and resources to results accomplishment that surpasses what is just acceptable or expected
•	More inclined to work a set schedule of hours than to commit resources as required by the objective	•	Dedicated to achieving business results, even at some personal sacrifice
•	Distinguishes personal time from work and career commitments and not likely to make consistent sacrifices in their personal lives to accommodate extraordinary advancements in their work objectives	Ì	Defines themselves to a great extent by their work and derives personal satisfaction from success and accomplishments in their career Builds into the schedule the time required to lay the
•	Becomes distracted by unexpected obstacles or may not effectively plan to deal with job demands	gr	groundwork and develop the plans for achieving work objectives
Ì	May not recognize that opportunities to advance goals can be present in the personal interactions that occur in the workplace	•	Retains control of objectives by preparing action steps and evaluating progress
		•	Remains focused when the commitment to their work is threatened by internal or external distractions
		•	Enjoys finding opportunities to mix personal interaction with goal accomplishment

- A desire for balance in one's life with sufficient personal and family time
- A preference for a 40-hour work week with stable and predictable time requirements
- Career advancement is not a strong priority

Advocates for Customers to Drive Results

Consistently achieves above-average sales results by understanding the customer's business, empathizing with their problems and setting a plan to meet their needs; tirelessly focuses on building strong relationships with customers by acting on their behalf to work the seller's internal systems to meet their requirements; sees partnering with customers as the efficient method to reach personal sales career goals

	LOW SCORES		HIGH SCORES
•	May adopt a casual or relaxed approach that fails to project personal dedication to achieving or surpassing sales targets	•	Driven to achieve or exceed targeted results and uses sales as a means to get there; hungry to be a top producer
•	Can be content with marginal success or lowers goals to reach a level of success that is easier to accomplish	2	Holds results achievement to a high personal standard Believes in taking personal responsibility for the level
•	May not sustain the intensity needed to consistently meet or exceed sales objectives		of success achieved Unwilling to have goal achievement derailed by
1	Wants to be successful on own terms without tying efforts or results to effectively fulfilling customer requirements	÷	internal politics or bureaucratic procedures Promotes a sense of partnering with customers
1	Achieves results that will support career progression more so than strengthen partnerships with customers	that assures customers of a commiGenuinely interested in understand	Takes the first step to establish a trusting relationship that assures customers of a commitment
	Can be impersonal or detached in approach to the sales process, minimizing the opportunity to build a		needs and works the company's internal systems to
	customer amance	•	Collaborates with a network of support resources to satisfy customer requirements

- A desire to be a top salesperson on one's own terms versus objectively fulfilling customer requirements
- A willingness to produce above-average results short-term while using sales as a vehicle for promotion into management
- One who enjoys the thrill of the hunt with an impersonal approach to the sales process

Adapts Sales Approach to Match Buyer Motivations

Gathers essential information to determine the benefits others need in order to be sold; willing to adjust approach to fit different buyer motivations; influences or persuades others by determining how the other individual can benefit, and then communicates those advantages

LOW SCORES	HIGH SCORES
 May not be committed to researching what benefits the prospect needs in order to be sold Might not recognize that prospects have different buying motivations and may sell the same way to all people 	 Will work to acquire the information needed to determine what benefits will motivate prospects to make a buying decision Able to use knowledge gleaned about prospect needs to vary sales approach according to different buyer motivations

- A tendency to believe that most people are like them and, thus similarly motivated; effectiveness is determined by the prospect's similarity to the salesperson
- A lack of depth in the needs analysis process resulting in a superficial understanding of the buyer's needs and triggers
- An overly dogmatic approach supported by the belief that everyone needs what is being sold and the purchase is for their own good

Proactively Mentors and Supports Others

Derives genuine satisfaction from giving advice, encouragement, and support to others; takes pride in nurturing and developing others; seeks opportunities to share expertise and experience in a mentoring role; is willing to address basic or rudimentary issues necessary to bring a novice up to speed; takes responsibility for motivating others to learn and grow

	LOW SCORES		HIGH SCORES	
•	Loses patience with individuals lacking the motivation or enthusiasm to learn what is being taught	•	Serves as a mentor and coach to those needing individual guidance	
1	Prefers to offer expertise to those who have mastered the basics and are actively seeking advanced learning	2	Derives satisfaction from giving encouragement and support to others Volunteers advice or assistance to help others	
1	Waits for advice and support to be requested by individuals interested in learning rather than being proactive	•	achieve job and career success Adjusts coaching to accommodate novices as well as more experienced individuals	
•	Does not want to appear invasive by offering help without invitation	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1	Resists being obligated to function in an advisory capacity			
Lo	Lower scores may indicate:			

- A strong need to provide advice to others but rules against doing so unless specifically asked because of not wanting to appear invasive
- A preference for being seen as an expert but teaching or training only those who have mastered the basics and are actively seeking advanced learning
- An impatience with others who seem content to remain unenlightened but willing to complain about the situation

Coaches Others and Provides Timely Feedback

Understands the critical role modeling and demonstration play in the ongoing development of direct reports; spends sufficient time with direct reports to provide guidance and coaching where needed and commits to regularly creating opportunities to share expertise; provides instruction, positive models, and opportunities for observation in order to help others perform successfully and develop skills; encourages questions to ensure understanding; observes progress, judges the effectiveness of reports, and provides timely and appropriate feedback on progress

LOW SCORES	HIGH SCORES
 Can be tempted to take over for the individual rather than stand back and function as a final safety net (let them learn from their mistakes) 	 Commits to conducting regular instructional exercises Keeps focus on coaching and support to increase the level of expertise of the report, relegating own
 May focus on tracking administrative or procedural issues at the expense of taking time to mentor others 	 administrative or procedural tasks to a lower priority Uses demonstrations to model effective techniques
 May not feel comfortable evaluating reports' performance and providing suggestions for improvement or alternate approaches 	 for less experienced individuals Regularly observes others in action to offer suggestions and feedback for skill development

- A strong preference for making solo calls or a difficulty playing a supporting role in the sales process
- A tendency to place a higher priority on the administrative and procedural aspects of the sales management job

